Disease Surveillance & Risk Report

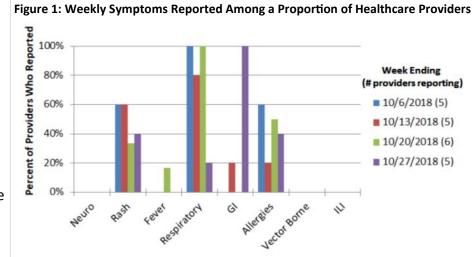
View all reports online at www.healthymadisoncounty.org

Madison County Communicable Disease Activity: Week 43, ending 10/27/18

*Information denoted with an asterisk is subjective and provided on a voluntary basis.

Communicable Diseases Reported: 2 Chlamydia, 1 gonorrhea, 2 chronic Hepatitis C, and 2 Lyme disease

Primary Care Providers
Reported*: Rash,
respiratory illness, upper
respiratory illness (URI),
allergies, strep throat, sore
throats, gastrointestinal
illness, sinus infections,
coxsackie virus, and
coughs (Fig. 1).

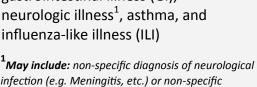


Colleges Reported: Fever, respiratory illness, mononucleosis (mono), upper respiratory infections, sinusitis, sore throats and strep throat

Syndromic Surveillance in Emergency Department— 10/19/18 to 10/27/18: No clusters of illness reported

Medicaid Over-the-Counter (OTC) & Script Medication Alerts—10/5/18 to 10/14/18: No alerts

Hospitals Reported: Rashes, fever, respiratory illness, and gastrointestinal illness (GI), neurologic illness¹, asthma, and influenza-like illness (ILI)



May include: non-specific diagnosis of neurological infection (e.g. Meningitis, etc.) or non-specific conditions (e.g. headache, dizziness, blurry/double vision, speech difficulty, confusion, disorientation, or anxiety)



COMMUNICABLE DISEASES: Madison County

Issue Highlight: **Be Prepared, Get Your Flu Shot.** The Flu Season is Starting.

The 2017-18 flu season was record breaking nationally with a reported 900,000 hospitalizations and approximately 80,000 deaths, according to the CDC. 183 of those deaths were under 18, and about 80% were not vaccinated for the flu that season.

Getting a flu shot is the best way to protect yourself from the flu.

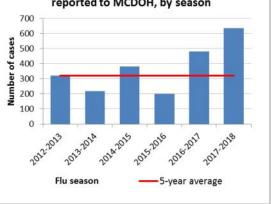
- Everyone over 6 months old should get the flu shot
- Pharmacies are now able to give flu shots to children over 2 years
- It takes 2 weeks for a flu shot to provide protection from the flu
- Flu vaccine cannot cause flu illness



Learn more at www.CDC.gov/flu

Figure 2: The 17-18 flu season was much higher than the previous 5 seasons in Madison County. (Source: NYSDOH, CDESS)

Total positive influenza laboratory results reported to MCDOH, by season



Madison County Disease Surveillance & Risk Report

Madison County Flu Activity: Week 43, ending 10/27/18: No Activity

Sporadic No Report No Activity Local Regional Widespread

Weekly Lab-confirmed flu: No flu cases were reported; no change from the previous week.

Figure 3: Total positive influenza laboratory results reported to MCDOH, by season 600 500 5-year average (season) 300 5-year average (to date) 200 100 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017 2017-2018 2018-2019

Schools Districts*: ILI reporting has not begun for the 2018-19 flu season.

College Health Centers*: No ILI or flu was reported

Primary Care Providers*: No ILI or flu was reported

FLU: Madison County

Flu-Associated Pediatric Deaths: No reports this season to date. (Flu-associated deaths only in children younger than 18 years old are nationally notifiable.)

Influenza-like or flu-like illness (ILI) includes: 1) a fever greater than 100°F measured with a thermometer AND (2) a cough AND/OR sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

Total Lab Confirmed Flu Reported to Date:

None to date

Incidence Rate (the number of new flu cases): 0.0 per 100,000 population





100 Number of cases 20

Hospitals:

ILI was reported

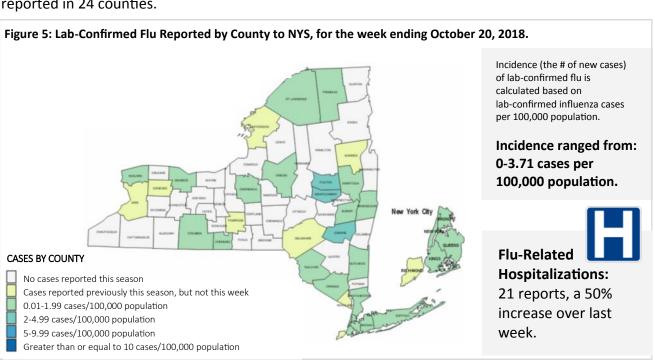
Flu-Related Hospitalizations: No hospitalized patients with lab-confirmed flu were reported in Madison County; this is no change from the previous week (0). No hospitalizations have been reported this season to date.

Madison County Disease Surveillance & Risk Report

New York State Flu Activity: Week 42, ending 10/20/18: Sporadic

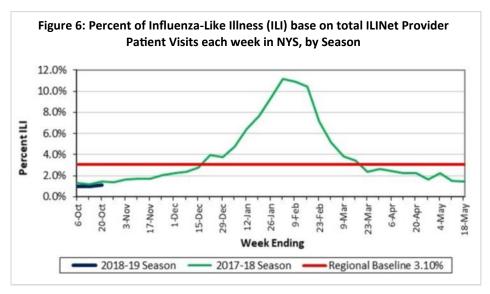


Weekly Lab-Confirmed Flu: 77 reports, a 20% *increase* over last week (Figure 5). Flu was reported in 24 counties.



ILInet Healthcare Providers: 1.13% of weekly patient complaints were flu-like illness (ILI); this is an *increase* from the previous week and is *below* the regional baseline of 3.10% (Figure 6). (*ILInet providers* report the total number of patients seen and the total number of those with complaints of influenza-like illness (ILI) weekly in an outpatient setting.)

Flu-Associated Pediatric Deaths: No reports this week. One death was reported this season todate.



Madison County Disease Surveillance & Risk Report

National Flu Activity: Week 42, ending 10/20/18: Sporadic

No Report No Activity Sporadic Local Regional Widespread

Flu activity was low in the U.S.

Geographic Flu Activity Summary (Figure 7): (Geographic spread of influenza viruses, not a measure of severity.)

- Local influenza activity was reported by four states
- Sporadic influenza activity was reported by the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and 42 states
- No influenza activity was reported by four states
- Guam did not report.

Flu Activity from ILINet Data (Figure 8):

Puerto Rico and one state experienced low ILI activity; and New York City, the District of Columbia, and 49 states experienced minimal ILI activity.

(This data is based on the percent of outpatient visits in a state due to ILI compared to the average percent of ILI visits during weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation.)

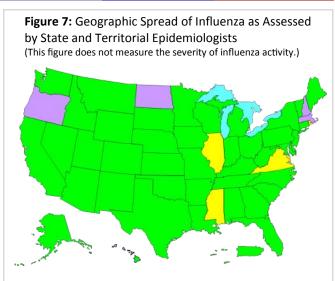
U.S. ILInet Healthcare Providers:

Outpatient illness visits reported through the Network was 1.5%, this percentage is *below* the national baseline of 2.2% and only a slight increase from the previous week. All 10 regions in the U.S. reported flu-like illness *below* their region -specific baselines.

Flu and Pneumonia-Associated Deaths:

5.3% of all deaths reported through the National Center for Health Statistics mortality surveillance data, occurring during week 41, ending October 13, were attributed to pneumonia and flu; this is *below* the epidemic threshold of 5.9%.

Flu-Associated Pediatric Deaths: No pediatric deaths was reported during week 41. 1 flu-associated pediatric deaths has been reported this season to date.

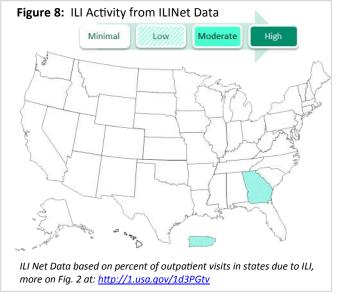


Overall

Flu-Related Hospitalization Rate:

Data not yet available





Sources: FluView: Weekly U.S. Influenza and Surveillance Report. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. http://l.usa.gov/leDDFhh